

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of the Claims:

1-11. *(Canceled)*

12. *(Previously Presented)* A radiation cross-linkable medical angioplasty balloon or radiation cross-linkable medical catheter made from a thermoplastic cross-linkable composition, said thermoplastic cross-linkable composition comprising: (a) a thermoplastic polymer selected from the group consisting of nylon, a copolyester copolymer of poly(1,4-butanediol terephthalate) and poly(alkylene ether terephthalate), a copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer, copolymers of polylaurinlactam and polytetrahydrofuran, and a reaction product of an aliphatic polyisocyanate and a polyah; and (b) a monomer cross-linker comprising acrylate monomer crosslinkers, said monomer cross-linker present in said composition in an amount sufficient to provide cross-linking of at least a portion of said thermoplastic polymer to convert said portion from a thermoplastic to a thermoset state upon irradiation of said composition with energy from a radiation source.

13. *(Original)* A radiation cross-linked medical angioplasty balloon or radiation cross-linked medical catheter made by irradiating the radiation crosslinkable medical angioplasty balloon of claim 12 with energy from a radiation source.

14. *(Original)* The radiation cross-linkable medical angioplasty balloon or radiation cross-linkable medical catheter of claim 12, wherein said thermoplastic polymer is a thermoplastic elastomer.

15. *(Original)* The radiation cross-linkable medical angioplasty or radiation cross-linkable medical catheter balloon of claim 12, wherein said thermoplastic polymer is a block copolymer containing hard and soft segments.

16. **(Original)** The radiation crosslinked medical angioplasty balloon or radiation cross-linked medical catheter of claim 13, wherein said energy is in the form of free radical initiating or ionizing radiation selected from the group consisting of beta particles, gamma particles, ultraviolet radiation, electron beam radiation, and combinations thereof.

17. **(Original)** The radiation cross-linkable medical angioplasty balloon or radiation cross-linkable medical catheter of claim 12, wherein said monomer cross-linker is trimethylolpropane triacrylate.

18. **(Previously Presented)** A radiation cross-linked medical angioplasty balloon or radiation cross-linked medical catheter made from a cross-linked composition, wherein said cross-linked composition is produced by irradiating a crosslinkable composition comprising: (a) a thermoplastic polymer selected from the group consisting of nylon, a copolyester copolymer of poly(1,4-butanediol terephthalate) and poly(alkylene ether terephthalate), a copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer, copolymers of polylaurinlactam and polytetrahydrofuran, and a reaction product of an aliphatic polyisocyanate and a polyah; and (b) a monomer cross-linker comprising acrylate monomer crosslinkers, said monomer cross-linker present in said composition in an amount sufficient to cross-link at least a portion of said thermoplastic polymer to convert said portion from a thermoplastic to a thermoset state upon irradiation of said composition with energy from a radiation source.

19. **(Original)** The radiation cross-linked medical angioplasty balloon or radiation cross-linked medical catheter of claim 18, wherein said thermoplastic polymer is a thermoplastic elastomer.

20. **(Original)** The radiation cross-linked medical angioplasty balloon or radiation cross-linked medical catheter of claim 18, wherein said thermoplastic polymer is a block copolymer containing hard and soft segments.

21. **(Original)** The radiation crosslinked medical angioplasty balloon or radiation cross-linked medical catheter of claim 18, which is produced by irradiating said cross-linkable composition with energy in the form of free radical initiating or ionizing radiation selected from the group consisting of beta particles, gamma particles, ultraviolet radiation, electron beam radiation, and combinations thereof.

22. **(Original)** The radiation cross-linked medical angioplasty balloon or radiation cross-linked medical catheter of claim 18, wherein said monomer cross-linker is trimethylolpropane triacrylate.

23-25. **(Canceled)**

26. **(Previously Presented)** An article suitable for sterilization, surface modification, or surface grafting, comprising

a cross-linked composition, wherein said cross-linked composition is produced by irradiating, with gamma or electron beam radiation, a crosslinkable composition comprising:

(a) a thermoplastic polymer selected from the group consisting of a copolyester copolymer of poly(1,4-butanediol terephthalate) and poly(alkylene ether terephthalate), a copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer, copolymers of polylaurinlactam and polytetrahydrofuran, and a reaction product of a polyisocyanate and a polyahl, and combinations thereof, wherein the polyamide segments of the copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer consist of polyamide Nylon 12 segments, and

(b) a monomer cross-linker selected from the group consisting of methacrylate monomer crosslinkers, acrylate monomer crosslinkers, and combinations thereof; said monomer cross-linker present in said crosslinkable composition in an amount sufficient to cross-link at least a portion of said thermoplastic polymer to convert said portion from a thermoplastic to a thermoset state upon gamma or electron beam irradiation of said composition with energy from a gamma or electron beam radiation source,

wherein the amount of crosslinked composition is sufficient to increase the tolerance to said sterilization, surface modification or surface grafting of the crosslinked article over that of the article alone without the crosslinked composition.

27. **(Original)** The article of claim 26, wherein said article is a medical device.

28. **(Previously Presented)** The article of claim 26, wherein said article has been subjected to gamma or electron beam radiation or heat in an amount sufficient to sterilize that article or wherein said article has been subjected to gamma or electron beam radiation in an amount sufficient to graft or modify the surface of that article.

29-31. **(Canceled)**

32. **(Previously Presented)** An wholly or partially encapsulated device, wholly or partially encapsulated with a crosslinked composition produced by irradiating a crosslinkable composition comprising: (a) a thermoplastic polymer selected from the group consisting of nylon, a copolyester copolymer of poly(1,4-butanediol terephthalate) and poly(alkylene ether terephthalate), a copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer, copolymers of polylaurinlactam and polytetrahydrofuran, and a reaction product of a polyisocyanate and a polyahl; and combinations thereof, and (b) a monomer cross-linker selected from the group consisting of allylic monomer crosslinkers, methacrylate monomer crosslinkers, acrylate monomer crosslinkers, and combinations thereof; with the proviso that for the reaction product of a polyisocyanate and a polyahl the monomer acrylic or methacrylic cross-linker is other than trimethylolpropane triacrylate, trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate, and triacrylformal, said monomer cross-linker present in said composition in an amount sufficient to provide cross-linking of at least a portion of said thermoplastic polymer from a thermoplastic to a thermoset state upon irradiation of said composition with energy from a radiation source, and wherein the crosslinked encapsulation composition is expanded to a larger size than the device to be encapsulated, by a heating and forming process, and then cooled to retain the expanded size, said expanded crosslinked encapsulation composition possessing the characteristic of "memory" due to the crosslinked

polymer comprising the crosslinked encapsulation composition, and wherein the device to be wholly or partially encapsulated is placed within the expanded shaped object with "memory", and wherein heat is applied to cause the expanded crosslinked encapsulation composition with "memory" to contract and wholly or partially encapsulate the device within.

33. **(Original)** The device of claim 32, wherein said device is a medical device.

34-37. **(Canceled)**

38. **(Previously Presented)** A wholly or partially encapsulated medical implant device comprising:

 a medical device;

 a radiation crosslinked composition wholly or partially encapsulating said medical device and made by irradiating a radiation crosslinkable composition with energy from a radiation source, the radiation crosslinkable composition comprising:

 (a) a thermoplastic polymer selected from the group consisting of a polyamide elastomer polymer, nylon, a copolyester copolymer of poly(1,4-butanediol terephthalate) and poly(alkylene ether terephthalate), a copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer, copolymers of polylaurinlactam and polytetrahydrofuran, a reaction product of a polyisocyanate and a polyahl, and combinations thereof; and

 (b) a monomer cross-linker selected from the group consisting of allylic monomer crosslinkers, methacrylate monomer crosslinkers, acrylate monomer crosslinkers, and combinations thereof,

 wherein the radiation crosslinked composition is in the form of a heat shrunk shaped object.

39. **(Previously Presented)** The wholly or partially encapsulated medical implant device of claim 38, wherein the thermoplastic polymer comprises the copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer, wherein the polyamide segments of the copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer consist of polyamide Nylon 12 segments.

40. **(Previously Presented)** The wholly or partially encapsulated medical implant device of claim 38, wherein the monomer cross-linker is selected from the group consisting of triallylisocyanurate ("TAIC"), triallylcyanurate ("TAC"), and combinations thereof.

41-43. **(Canceled)**

44. **(Previously Presented)** A method for producing a thermoset article possessing a shape memory comprising:

irradiating a radiation crosslinkable composition with energy from a radiation source to form a radiation crosslinked composition, the radiation crosslinkable composition comprising (a) a thermoplastic polymer selected from the group consisting of a polyamide elastomer polymer, nylon, a copolyester copolymer of poly(1,4-butanediol terephthalate) and poly(alkylene ether terephthalate), a copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer, copolymers of polylaurinlactam and polytetrahydrofuran, a reaction product of a polyisocyanate and a polyahl, and combinations thereof; and (b) a monomer cross-linker selected from the group consisting of allylic monomer crosslinkers, methacrylate monomer crosslinkers, acrylate monomer crosslinkers, and combinations thereof;

heating the radiation crosslinked composition;

expanding the radiation crosslinked composition; and

cooling the radiation crosslinked composition to retain a size obtained in the expanding step,

wherein the radiation crosslinked composition shrinks when heated.

45. **(Previously Presented)** The method of claim 44, wherein the thermoplastic polymer comprises the copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer, wherein the polyamide segments of the copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer consist of polyamide Nylon 12 segments.

46. **(Previously Presented)** The method of claim 44, wherein the monomer cross-linker is selected from the group consisting of triallylisocyanurate ("TAIC"), triallylcyanurate ("TAC"), and combinations thereof.

47. **(Previously Presented)** A method for forming a wholly or partially encapsulated medical implant device comprising:

- providing a medical device;
- irradiating a radiation crosslinkable composition with energy from a radiation source to form a radiation crosslinked shaped object, the radiation crosslinkable composition comprising (a) a thermoplastic polymer selected from the group consisting of a polyamide elastomer polymer, nylon, a copolyester copolymer of poly(1,4-butanediol terephthalate) and poly(alkylene ether terephthalate), a copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer, copolymers of polylaurinlactam and polytetrahydrofuran, a reaction product of a polyisocyanate and a polyah, and combinations thereof; and (b) a monomer cross-linker selected from the group consisting of allylic monomer crosslinkers, methacrylate monomer crosslinkers, acrylate monomer crosslinkers, and combinations thereof;
- heating the radiation crosslinked shaped object;
- expanding the radiation crosslinked shaped object to a size larger than the medical device;
- cooling the expanded radiation crosslinked shaped object to retain the size obtained in the expanding step;
- placing the medical device within the expanded radiation crosslinked shaped object; and
- heating the expanded radiation crosslinked shaped object to shrink the expanded radiation crosslinked shaped object and thereby wholly or partially encapsulate the medical device.

48. **(Previously Presented)** The method of claim 47, wherein the thermoplastic polymer comprises the copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer, wherein the polyamide segments of the copoly(ether-ester-amide) polymer consist of polyamide Nylon 12 segments.

49. ***(Previously Presented)*** The method of claim 47, wherein the monomer cross-linker is selected from the group consisting of triallylisocyanurate ("TAIC"), triallylcyanurate ("TAC"), and combinations thereof.